

**ADI DRAVIDAR AND TRIBAL
WELFARE DEPARTMENT
POLICY NOTE 2018 – 2019**

INTRODUCTION:

As per the census of 2011, the population of Tamil Nadu is 7.21 crore of which Scheduled Castes (known as Adi Dravidar in Tamil Nadu) are 1.44 crore (20.01%) and Scheduled Tribes are 7.95 lakh (1.10%). The mandate of this Department is to address the causes for their handicaps, backwardness and uplift them in socio, economic and education on par with the rest of the society.

This department is concerned with overall policy formulation, planning and implementation of these welfare programmes reflecting the policies of the State Government for their

accelerated growth in their socio-economic status, educational development and ensuring their sustained growth and social dignity. In order to ensure the all round development of the Adi Dravidar and Scheduled Tribes, this Government is implementing various welfare schemes for which a sum of **Rs.3549.65 Crore** has been provided in the Budget Estimate for the year 2018-2019.

With the principal ideology that Education only can bring changes in the society, this Department lays great emphasis on the educational sector as a means to uplift and empower the Adi Dravidar and Scheduled Tribes.

Out of the total allocation of Rs.3549.65 Crore in Budget Estimate for 2018-19, a sum of Rs.3237.84 Crore (91%) has been earmarked for education and its allied schemes.

Details of Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Schools

Sl. No.	Classification	No. of Schools	No. of Students
1.	Adi Dravidar Welfare Schools	1,134	98,246
2	Government Tribal Residential Schools	315	27,941
	Total	1,449	1,26,187

I. ADI DRAVIDAR WELFARE

Inorder to ensure the dignity and security of Adi Dravidars (mostly referred as Scheduled Castes in other States) and remove all forms of exclusion, marginalization, untouchability and discrimination the Government formulate policies, plans, budgets, schemes and programmes for ensuring the right to social equity, access to entitlements and right to dignity.

Further, to counter the increasing problems faced by Adi Dravidars of modern Tamil Nadu, in the rural area they are supported with subsidies, linked to different loan schemes such as establishment of Commercial units, purchase of land for agricultural purposes and free house sites for housing in Corporations, Municipalities and Town Panchayats.

As per the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Orders (Amendment) Act 1976, there are 76 officially designated group as Scheduled Castes of Tamil Nadu. They are (1) Adi Andhra (2) Adi Dravida (3) Adi Karnataka (4) Ajila (5) Arunthathiyar (6) Ayyanavar* (7) Baira (8) Bakuda (9) Bandi (10) Bellara (11) Bharatar* (12) Chakkiliyan (13) Chalavadi (14) Chamar, Muchi (15) Chandala (16) Cheruman (17) Devendrakulathan (18) Dom, Dombara, Paidi, Pano (19) Domban (20) Godagali (21) Godda (22) Gosangi (23) Holey (24) Jaggali (25) Jambuvulu (26) Kadaiyan (27)

Kakkalan* (28) Kalladi (29) Kanakkan, Padanna (in the Nilgiris District) (30) Karimpalan (31) Kavara* (32) Koliyan (33) Koosa (34) Kootan, Koodan* (35) Kudumban (36) Kuravan, Sidhanar (37) Madari (38) Madiga (39) Maila (40) Mala (41) Mannan* (42) Mavilan (43) Moger (44) Mundala (45) Nalakeyava (46) Nayadi (47) Padannan* (48) Pagadai (49) Pallan (50) Palluvan (51) Pambada (52) Panan* (53) Panchama (54) Pannadi (55) Panniandi (56) Paraiyan, Parayan, Sambavar (57) Paravan* (58) Pathiyan* (59) Pulayan, Cheramar (60) Puthirai Vannan (61) Raneyar (62) Samagara (63) Samban (64) Sapari (65) Semman (66) Thandan* (67)Thoti (68) Tiruvalluvar (69) Vallon (70) Valluvan (71) Vannan* (72) Vathiriyar (73) Velan (74) Vetan* (75) Vettiyan (76) Vettuvan*

****(in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District)***

Education

With an intention to create improvement in education, this Department has started 1134 schools at the habitations where the Adi Dravidar people are concentrated.

Details of Schools

Classification	No. of Schools	No. of Students
Primary School	836	37,282
Middle School	96	9,611
High School	117	14,669
Higher Secondary School	85	36,684
Total	1,134	98,246

1. Educational Scholarships

The Adi Dravidar people are mostly engaged in Agricultural related activities. Their living conditions can be deplorable and they are unable to afford the payment of fees to

Educational Institutions. In order to encourage these people in education, this Government is providing the following various scholarships and fee concessions:-

(a) Government of India Post-Matric Scholarship

The above scholarship is given to the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes students to pursue studies above X standard in recognized institutions with recognized courses if their parental / guardian's annual income does not exceed Rs.2.50 lakh.

Maintenance Allowance

Maintenance Allowance is being credited in the bank accounts of the students depending upon the course they study in Government, Government Aided and Self Financing Institutions.

Group	Courses	Rate of Maintenance allowance (in Rupees per month)	
		Hostellers	Day Scholar
I	I. Degree and PG courses in Medicine, Engineering, Technology, Planning, Architecture, Design, Fashion Technology, Agriculture, Veterinary and Allied Science courses	1200	550
	II. PG Diploma Courses in management & medicine	1200	550
	III. CA/CWA/CS/CFA etc.,	-----	550
	IV. M.Phil., Ph.D., and Post Doctoral programmes	1200	550

Group	Courses	Rate of Maintenance allowance (in Rupees per month)	
		Hostellers	Day Scholar
II	Professional courses leading to Degree, Diploma, certificate courses in Pharmacy, Nursing, LLB, Hospitality, Tourism and Hotel Management etc.(for which entrance qualification is minimum 12 th Std. and Post Graduate courses which are not covered under Group – I (e.g. M.A., M.Sc., M.Com., M.Ed., M. Pharm., etc.,))	820	530
III	Courses leading to Degree not covered under Group I & II	570	300
IV	All Post-matric level non degree courses for which entrance qualification is Xth Std.(e.g. XI, XII, ITI, Polytechnics etc.,)	380	230

Besides the above allowance, all the compulsory and non refundable fees payable by the students studying in Government and Government aided institutions are credited to the account of the students as Scholarship by the Government.

The compulsory and non refundable fee as fixed by Government Fee Fixation Committee appointed in respect of Self Financing professional colleges, not more than the fees fixed for Government quota students is compensated to the institution by the Government on behalf of the students.

Under this scheme, a sum of Rs.1701 Crore for Scheduled Castes and Rs.46.44 Crore for Scheduled Tribes have been allocated for the financial year 2018-2019.

(b) State Government Special Post-Matric Scholarship

Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Scheduled Caste converted to Christianity students who cannot avail benefit under Government of India Postmatric Scholarship can be benefitted under the State scheme if their parental/guardian's annual income does not exceed Rs.2 lakh.

Maintenance Allowance

Maintenance Allowance is being credited in the bank account of the students as scholarship depending upon the course they are studying in Government, Government Aided and Self Financing Institutions as detailed below:

Group	Courses	Rate of Maintenance allowance (in Rupees per month)	
		Hostellers	Day Scholar
I	Engineering, Medicine	350	175
II	Post Graduate in Arts, Science	225	140
III	Under Graduate in Arts, Science	175	100
IV	ITI , +1, +2	175	100

Further, all the compulsory and non refundable fees payable by the students in Government and Government aided institutions are credited into the savings bank accounts of the students by the Government.

In respect of Self Financing Colleges, the compulsory and non refundable fees as fixed by the Fee Fixation Committee is being credited to the accounts of the institutions directly.

A sum of Rs.82.74 Crore has been allocated for 2018-19 under this scheme.

(c) Government of India Pre-Matric Scholarship schemes.

(i) Pre-matric scholarship for wards of those who engaged in unclean occupation and occupations involving cleaning and prone to health hazards.

This scholarship is given to the children of Scavengers, Tanners, Flayers and Waste pickers in Municipal Corporations, Municipalities, Town and Village Panchayats studying from 1st standard to 10th standard in recognized Government institutions.

	Day Scholars in Rs.	Hostellers in Rs.
Maintenance allowance	225 (per month)	700 (per month)
Adhoc Grant	750 (per annum)	1000 (per annum)

Maintenance allowance and adhoc amount are credited to the bank account of the students through their School Headmaster.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.8 crore has been allocated under this scheme.

(ii) Prematric scholarship scheme for SC/ST students studying in IX and X standard

Scholarship is being credited to the bank accounts of the Adi Dravidar students studying full time in IX and X standard in the Government / Government recognized or Central / State Board of Secondary Education schools, if their parent or guardian's annual income is within the limit of Rs.2.50 lakh per annum and for Scheduled Tribes students, if their parent / guardian annual income does not exceed Rs.2 lakh per annum as below:-

	Day Scholar	Hosteller
Maintenance allowance		
Adi Dravidar	Rs.225/- per month	Rs.525/- per month
Scheduled Tribes	Rs.150/- per month	Rs.325/- per month
Adhoc Grant		
Adi Dravidar / Scheduled Tribes	Rs.750/- per annum	Rs.1000/- per annum

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.114.03 Crore for Scheduled Castes and Rs.5.39 Crore for Scheduled Tribes has been allocated under this scheme.

(d) State Government's Higher Educational Special Scholarship

Special Grant at the rate of Rs.7500/- per annum for the Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribe, Adi Dravidar Converted to Christianity students pursuing Degree and Polytechnic courses and Rs.8000/- per annum for the students pursuing

Post Graduate and Professional courses is being credited in the bank accounts of the students, if they stay in paid hostels run by Government / Government aided Educational institutions and pursue education in Government / Government Aided Institutions, if their parental / guardian annual income does not exceed Rs.2 lakh.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.26.46 Crore has been allocated under this scheme.

(e) Overseas Scholarship to pursue Post Graduate and Research courses

This scholarship is provided to the Adi Dravidar and Scheduled Tribe students who aspire to do Post Graduate and Ph.D. Research studies abroad in the fields of Engineering, Technology, Medicine and Science disciplines, if their parental / guardian's income does not exceed Rs.3 lakh per annum.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.30 lakh has been allocated under this scheme.

(f) Incentive to Full time Ph.D. scholars

Incentive at the rate of Rs.50,000/- per student per annum for a maximum period of 5 years is credited to the bank accounts of 1200 Adi Dravidar / Scheduled Tribe scholars per year, pursuing full time Ph.D. Research Course in the fields of Medicine, Engineering, Arts, Science, Law, Literature and in Political Sciences, etc., in Universities of Tamilnadu recognized by Government of India and the State. The parental/guardian's annual income should not exceed Rs.2 lakh.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.6 Crore has been allocated under this scheme.

2. Educational Fee Concessions

(a) Tuition Fee Concession

The tuition fee is fully exempted for the Adi Dravidar / Scheduled Tribes / Adi Dravidar Converted to Christianity students studying in Government / Government aided institutions without income ceiling of their parent / guardian. The tuition fee is compensated to the institutions by the Government.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.7.81 crore has been allocated under this scheme.

(b) Concessions to the Under Graduate students

The Students belonging to Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity, pursuing Under Graduate courses in the Government and Government aided Arts and Science Colleges are paid with Special Fee and Examination Fee without any income limit.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.40 lakh has been allocated under this scheme.

(c) Concession to the Post Graduate Girl students

Special Fees and Examination fees are being paid to the Post Graduate Girl Students belonging to Adi Dravidar / Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity studying in Government / Government aided Arts and Science Colleges irrespective of their parental/guardian's annual income.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.25 lakh has been allocated under this scheme.

(d) Tuition Fee and Special Fee concession to English medium students

All students studying in Adi Dravidar Welfare and Government Tribal Residential Schools in 6th to 12th standard are exempted

from payment of Special fee and the fee is released to the institutions by the department.

The Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity students studying in 6th to 12th standard through English medium in Government, Government aided schools are exempted from the payment of Tuition fee, which is directly released to the educational institutions.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.1.74 Crore has been allocated under this scheme.

(e) Other Fee Concessions

The **Examination fee** is exempted for the Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity students studying in X and XII Std through Tamil medium in Government, Government aided and private schools. The fee is compensated to the School

Education Department directly by this Department.

Similarly, Exam fees to the students pursuing studies through English medium also compensated to the Directorate of Government Examinations directly by the Government.

Payment of **Application** and **Registration fees** for Under Graduate, Post Graduate and Professional Courses in Government and Government aided colleges are exempted to Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity students. The fees are compensated to the Educational Institutions directly.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.2.90 Crore has been allocated under this scheme.

3. Girl Children Incentive scheme

In order to ensure 100% enrollment and to reduce the dropout, an incentive scheme is being implemented by the State Government to the girl students belonging to Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribe and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity. The rate of incentive is as below:

Standard	Amount (per annum)	Amount allotted in B.E. 2018-19
III to V	Rs.500/-	Rs.17 crore
VI	Rs.1000/-	Rs.38.11 crore
VII & VIII	Rs.1500/-	

4. Prize Money Award

A cash award is given to the best Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity students those who secure 60% and above marks in Under

Graduate, Post Graduate and Professional Courses examination as below:-

Courses	Amount (per head)	Allotement for 2018-19
Under Graduate	Rs.3000/-	Rs.42 lakh
Post Graduate	Rs.5000/-	
Professional Courses	Rs.6000/-	

5. Supply of Text Books and Note Books at free of cost

Text books are supplied to all the students studying I to XII Standard in the schools run by this department and note books are supplied to I to X Standard students by the School Education Department.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.1.80 Crore has been allocated under this scheme.

6. Distribution of Uniforms at free of cost

Uniforms are being stitched by the Social Welfare Department for the students studying in Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare schools in standards 1st to 8th and distributed through the Head Masters. As far as the students studying in 9th to 12th standards of Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare schools are concerned, the members of the Industrial Co-operative Society take measurement and stitch the uniforms, which are then distributed through the Head Masters concerned. The students studying in various schools and staying in the hostels of this department are also provided with uniforms, measured and stitched by the members of the Industrial Co-operative Societies distributed through the Wardens or Matrons concerned.

For the financial year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.13 crore has been allocated under this scheme.

7. Supply of Magazines and books

Books and Magazines are purchased and supplied for the use of the students staying in the school hostels. Similarly, various kinds of books are supplied to the College hostels once in 2 years.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.11.10 lakh has been allocated under this scheme.

8. Distribution of Bicycles

Bicycles are supplied to the students belonging to Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity studying in XI standard in the Government, Government aided and partly aided higher secondary schools and also for the students studying in XII standard who were not supplied in XI standard.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.71.01 Crore has been allocated under this scheme.

9. Admission of students in 11th Standard in Reputed Schools

10 best performing Adi Dravidar and Scheduled Tribes students studying in Government, Government Aided, Adi Dravidar Welfare, Government Tribal Residential, Corporation and Municipality Schools from each District in 10th Standard are selected and admitted in reputed private schools in 11th standard. For this scheme, Government spends an amount of Rs.28,000/- per student per annum. As soon as the 10th results are published the District Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Officers obtains the list of the 10 best performers from the website or Chief Educational Officers and admits these students in reputed private schools in the same or nearby

Districts. The fees are directly released to the concerned educational institutions.

Under this scheme, 320 students are benefitted every year. Annual income limit should not exceed Rs.1 lakh per annum.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.2 Crore has been allocated under this scheme.

10. Admission of Students in VI Standard in Reputed Schools

385 Bright students from 385 blocks, at the ratio of one student from each block, among Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity studying in 5th Std in Adi Dravidar Welfare / Government Tribal Residential / Government / Government Aided / Corporation and Municipality Schools are selected by conducting a special examination by the Project Officer (SSA) and admitted in 6th

standard in Reputed Private Residential Schools with due recommendation from the concerned District Collector. Under this scheme, the entire expenditure till the students complete XII standard is borne by the Government.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.13 crore has been allocated under this scheme.

11. Hostels

For the students from remote villages belonging to Adi Dravidars, Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidars converted to Christianity Hostel facilities are provided by this Department close to their educational institutions. Many facilities are provided in these hostels for the benefit of students.

Food Charges and Miscellaneous charges are being provided to the students staying in Adi

Dravidar Hostels, Tribal Welfare Hostels and in Government Tribal Residential Schools:-

	School Students	College Students
Food Charges	Rs.900/- per month	Rs. 1000/- Per month
Miscellaneous Charges (Soap, Oil and Hair dressing)	Rs.50/- Per month	Rs.75/- Per month

Weekdays food chart for School hostels

Week days	Morning Tiffen	Afternoon Lunch	Evening	Night Dinner
Monday	Rava kichadi, Chutney	Rice, Vegetables kootu, kuruma, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Kara kuzhambu, Ginger Rasam, Poriyal, Egg-1
Tuesday	Pongal, Chutney	Rice, Sambar, Poriyal, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Sambar, Kootu, Egg – 1
Wednesday	Lemon rice, Thuvayal	Rice, Mutton / Chicken, Kurma, Kootu, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Karakuzhambu, Rasam
Thursday	Rava kichadi, Chutney	Rice, Sambar, Poriyal, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Karakuzhambu, Poriyal, Egg – 1, Rasam
Friday	Pongal, Chutney	Rice, morekuzhambu, Poriyal, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, karakuzhambu, Poriyal, Rasam
Saturday	Idly, Chutney	Rice Sambar, Kootu, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Sambar, Kootu
Sunday	Idly, Sambar	Rice, Sambar, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Tomato Soup, Poriyal, Rasam

**Chicken and Mutton once in a week
(on Wednesday)**

First Week	Mutton	100 grams
Second Week	Chicken	100 grams
Third Week	Mutton	100 grams
Fourth Week	Chicken	100 grams

Weekdays food chart for College hostel

Week days	Morning Tiffen	Afternoon Lunch	Evening	Night Dinner
Monday	Pongal, Chutney	Rice, Sambar, Poriyal, Butter milk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Kara kuzhambu, Poriyal, Rasam, Egg-1
Tuesday	Idly, Sambar	Rice, Vegetable kurma, Kootu, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Sambar, Egg – 1, Poriyal, Rasam
Wednesday	Rava Kichadi, Chutney,	Rice, Mutton / Chicken Kurma, Poriyal, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Tomato Soup, Poriyal, Rasam
Thursday	Lemon Rice, Thuvaiyal	Rice, Kulambu, Kootu, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Karakuzhambu, Poriyal, Egg – 1, Rasam
Friday	Rava Kichadi, Chutney	Rice, Sambar, Poriyal, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Sambar, Poriyal, Rasam, Buttermilk
Saturday	Idly, Sambar	Rice, Sambar, Kootu, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Rice, Sambar, Rasam Buttermilk
Sunday	Pongal Chutney	Rice, Vegetable Kurma, Poriyal, Buttermilk	Sundal, Chukkumalli Coffee/Tea	Idly, Sambar

Chicken and Mutton once in a week

(On Wednesday)

First Week	Mutton	120 grams
Second Week	Chicken	125 grams
Third Week	Mutton	120 grams
Fourth Week	Chicken	125 grams

The number of Hostels functioning under this Department and the sanctioned strength of the students are as follows:-

Details of Adi Dravidar Welfare Hostels

Sl. No.	Hostel Details	No. of Hostels	No. of Students
1	School Hostels	1143	82766
2	College Hostels	143	13050
3	ITI hostels	17	1372
4	Polytechnic Hostels	5	288
5	PG Hostels	15	1008
6	Law Hostel	1	55
	Total	1324	98539

Facilities provided to the students staying in Hostels:-

- i) Two Tier cots are provided to College Hostels
- ii) Incinerator (Napkin Burners) are provided to 582 Girls Hostels
- iii) Water purifiers, Wet Grinders and Colour Televisions are provided to all Hostels
- iv) Washing Machines are provided to 76 Adi Dravidar Welfare Girls Hostels
- v) Steam Boilers for cooking hygienic food are provided to 380 Adi Dravidar Welfare Hostels and 160 Government Tribal Residential Schools
- vi) First Aid Boxes are provided to all hostels
- vii) Library facilities are made available in all Hostels.
- viii) Mats and Bed Sheets are supplied to the Hostellers.

12. Assistance to the Schools and Hostels run by Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs)

Similar to the grants provided to the inmates of this department hostels, the grants for food charges, Miscellaneous Charges and other allowances are provided by this Department to the inmates of 4943 Adi Dravidar students resided in the 30 hostels run by NGOs.

GRANTS FROM STATE GOVERNMENT TO THE NGOS FOR THE WELFARE OF ADI DRAVIDARS

I. Muthukaruppan Memorial Educational Trust

(i) Schools:

There are 4040 students studying in 1st to 12th standards in the schools run by the Muthukaruppan Memorial Educational Trust in Thoothukudi District. Since 2006, salary grant to the teachers has been provided to this Trust.

The Government is giving salary as grant for 127 teaching and non-teaching posts.

(ii) Hostels:

There are 3500 students staying in the hostels run by the above Trust. Since 2014-2015, Salary for 32 staff consisting of Warden, Cook, Watchman and Sweeper is being sanctioned by the Government as grant.

II. Hostels run by other 28 NGOs

Sl. No.	Name of the NGOs	No. of students
1	City Girls Hostel, Chennai-35.	34
2	Chennapuri Annadhana Samajam, Chennai.	27
3	Adi-Dravidar Samuga Seva Sanga Annadhana Samajam, Chennai-21.	100
4	Ramakrishna Mission Student Home, Chennai-4.	32
5	Gurukulam Boarding Home, Maduranthagam.	9

Sl. No.	Name of the NGOs	No. of students
6	Ramakrishna Mission Hostel, Malliankaranai.	12
7	St. Mary's Girls High School Boarding Home, Chengalpattu.	63
8	Gandhi Mission Children's Home, Wallajah.	40
9	R.S.S. Home, Ranipet.	23
10	Parvatharaja Gurukulam Poor Students Hostels, Kattumannar Koil.	22
11	Sevaga Sangam Manavar vidhuthi, Thirukoilur.	15
12	Saraya Chatram Hostel, Thanjavur.	47
13	Chatram Boarding, Orathanadu	16
14	Rajan's Hostel, Orathur.	48
15	R.S.S. Homes Pattukkotai.	138
16	Kasthuribai Gandhi Kanya Gurukulam, Vedaranyam	14
17	Sevalayam Boys Hostel, Madurai	136
18	Kasthuribai Girls Hostel, Melur	129

Sl. No.	Name of the NGOs	No. of students
19	Gandhiji Boys Hostel, Melur	39
20	Santhi Boys Hostel, Nilakkottai	34
21	Bharathi Boys Hostel, Dindigul	107
22	Kasthuribai Girls Hostel, Dindigul	67
23	Vivekanda Boys Hostel, Cumbum	24
24	St. Michael's Boarding Home, Keezkailasapuram	62
25	Sri Sarguru Boys Hostel, Coonoor	20
26	C.S.I. Cell Memorial Girls Hostel, Uthagamandalam	40
27	D.S. Raman and Sarojini Devi Hostel, Gobichettipalayam	107
28	P.S.G. Ganga Naidu Memorial Hostel, Peelamedu	38
	Total	1443

13. Issuance of Free House Site Pattas to Adi Dravidar and Tribals

Under this scheme, free house site pattas are distributed to the homeless Adi-draavidar and Tribal families. The land for this purpose is purchased through private negotiation or acquired under the Land Acquisition Act.

	Area of Land Provided	Annual income of the Beneficiary
Village	3 Cents	Rs.72,000/-
Municipality	1 ½ Cent	
Corporation	1 Cent	

For the financial year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.6 Crore has been allocated under this scheme.

14. Burial Grounds and Pathways

The Government is allocating funds for providing burial grounds and pathways to burial grounds for Adi Dravidar habitations and also for acquiring and purchasing land for this purpose.

Local bodies are also providing the required basic amenities to the Adi Dravidar burial grounds from their own funds. For this purpose, 15% of the cost in respect of drinking water facility and 10% of cost in respect of link roads are borne by the Adi Dravidar Welfare Department.

For the financial year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.75.84 lakhs has been allocated under this scheme.

15. Financial Assistance for Funeral Rites

Financial assistance of Rs.2,500/- is given to the Adi Dravidar, Scheduled Tribes and Adi Dravidar converted to Christianity families to

meet out the expenditure towards funeral rites at the time of death of a member of the family.

For the financial year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.5 Crore has been allocated under this scheme.

16. Scheduled Castes Sub Plan

The Scheduled Castes Sub Plan (SCSP) has been implemented in Tamil Nadu from the year 1980-1981. The basic objective of this scheme is to earmark a specific portion of the State Annual Plan Outlay in proportion to the population of the Scheduled Castes (20.01%) in the State in order to bring about concentrated Socio, Economic and Educational development of the Scheduled Castes.

This department has been designated as the Nodal Department and the Additional Chief Secretary to Government of this department is the Nodal Officer for the purpose of monitoring

the formulation and implementation of Scheduled Castes Sub Plan at the State level. The Director of Adi Dravidar Welfare has been nominated as the Monitoring Officer to oversee and review the schemes under Scheduled Castes Sub Plan at district levels.

The Nodal Officer appointed by the sectoral departments are coordinating with this Department for the effective implementation of the schemes for Adi Dravidars. There are 20 sectoral departments comprising of 44 Heads of Departments which are implementing the schemes under Scheduled Castes Sub Plan for the development and welfare of the Scheduled Castes.

The State Government for the year 2018-2019 has allocated Rs.11669.30 crore under the Scheduled Castes Sub Plan out of the State's Total Annual Plan Outlay of Rs.55498.16 crore which is more than the percentage

(21.03%) of Scheduled Caste population of the State.

17. Special Central Assistance to Scheduled Castes Sub Plan (SCA to SCSP)

The Government of India is providing Special Central Assistance as a 100% grant, as an supplementary amount to the Scheduled Castes Sub Plan of the State to enhance infrastructure facilities, to facilitate family income generating schemes, to encourage economic development and skill development schemes and also to enhance the productivity and income of the Scheduled Caste families. Under this scheme, 80% of the funds are utilised for Economic Development activities of Adi Dravidar people.

10% of fund is used for imparting Skill Development Training to unemployed Adi Dravidar Youth through TAHDCO. Remaining

10% of the amount is released to the Director of Adi Dravidar Welfare for providing infrastructure facilities to Adi Dravidar habitations where 50% or more Adi Dravidar people are living.

During the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.135 crore is expected to be received from Government of India.

18. Community Certificates

- i. The Tahsildar is empowered to issue community certificates to the Scheduled Castes. Appeal may be preferred before the Revenue Divisional Officer or Sub-Collector if issuance of Scheduled Caste Certificate is refused by the Tahsildar. Further the District Collector may be approached for redressal of grievances.
- ii. District Level Vigilance Committees have been constituted in all Districts to verify

the genuineness of the Scheduled Caste community certificates as detailed below :-

District Level Vigilance Committee (DLVC)

1	District Collector	Chairman	To scrutinize the correctness of the Scheduled Caste Community
2	District Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Officer	Member Secretary	Certificates and pass final orders. If aggrieved by the orders, appeal will lie with the Hon'ble High Court of Madras under Article 226 of the
3	An Anthropologist	Member	Constitution of India and then with Supreme Court under Article 136 of the Constitution of India.

19. Implementation of Protection of Civil Rights (PCR) Act, 1955 and Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 and Amendment Act, 2015

a) Removal of Untouchability

Effective steps are being taken by the Government to abolish untouchability and prevent atrocities against Adi Dravidars and Scheduled Tribes. For this purpose, the Protection of Civil Rights (PCR) Act, 1955, the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act 1989 and Amendment Act 2015, Prevention of Atrocities Rules 1995 and Amended Rules 2016 have been enacted by the Government of India and are being implemented effectively in our State. The above said Amendment Act 2015 and Amendment Rules 2016 came into force on 01.01.2016 and 14.04.2016 respectively.

The Social Justice and Human Rights wing, under the control of the Additional Director General of Police with its headquarter at Chennai is implementing these Acts and Rules.

The functions of the Social Justice & Human Rights wing are (i) to supervise the registration, investigation and filing of cases under these two Acts (ii) to act as a Protection Cell for Adi Dravidars and Scheduled Tribes.

Special Courts

Special Courts have been created for the speedy disposal of cases registered under Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act and Protection of Civil Rights Act.

The Government have established 6 Special Courts functioning in Thanjavur, Tiruchirappalli, Madurai, Tirunelveli, Villupuram and Sivagangai Districts for the trial of the cases

registered under these Acts. Further, in G.O (Ms) No. 334, Home (Courts-II) Department, Dated: 06.04.2017, administrative sanction was accorded for the constitution of 16 Special Courts in 16 Districts viz., Dindigul, Ramanathapuram, Virudhunagar, Pudukottai, Kancheepuram, Perambalur, Theni, Thiruppur, Thiruvannamalai, Vellore, Thiruvarur, Thoothukudi, Kanniyakumari, Coimbatore, Cuddalore and Namakkal Districts in 4 phases from 2016-2017 to 2019-2020. A sum of Rs.3.22 crore has been sanctioned for constituting Special Courts in Dindigul, Ramanathapuram, Virudhunagar and Pudukottai Districts in first phase. In all other districts, the existing Session Courts have been empowered for trial of these cases. Social Justice and Human Rights wing monitors the implementation of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act 1989 in all the police stations in the State of Tamil Nadu under

the supervision of Additional Director General of Police and Assistant Inspector General of Police at State level, 31 Deputy Superintendent of Police and 7 Assistant Commissioners of Police at District level.

Under Rule 17(1), of SCs and STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules 1995, the State Government has constituted District Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee in each district headed by the District Collector concerned with five official and non-official members. The District Collectors are also empowered to nominate a person who has the right attitudes and understanding of the problems of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes as member. The District Level Committee shall meet atleast once in every three months to review the implementation of the provisions of these Acts, monitor the relief and rehabilitation facilities provided to the victims and review the

progress of the cases registered under these Acts at the district level. Further, a State Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee has been constituted under the Chairmanship of the Hon'ble Chief Minister to review and monitor the implementation of these Acts.

For the year 2018-2019 Rs.11.87 crore has been allocated under this scheme.

b) Campaign for the removal of Untouchability

The public are made aware of the evils of untouchability. To create awareness among the public, short films on evils of untouchability are screened in the villages.

"Manitha Neyava Vizha" is celebrated in all the districts from 24th to 30th January every year for creating awareness among the people against untouchability. A sum of Rs.50,000/- at district level and a sum of Rs.1,00,000/- at

State level are being provided for conducting "Manitha Neyya Vara Vizha" every year.

Publicity is made through Villupattu Artists about the evils of untouchability.

Besides, Community feasts are also arranged every year on 26th January, 15th August, 2nd October and on any other important local holiday in the districts. Voluntary organisations are involved in arranging the Samabandhi Virundhu.

Further, a publicity wing is functioning at Chennai to campaign for the removal of untouchability.

For the financial year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.12.16 crore has been allocated under this scheme.

(c) Select Village Scheme

A sum of Rs.10 lakh is being sanctioned to the selected village in all Districts (except

Chennai) where untouchability is not practiced and people are living in harmony, for providing infrastructure facilities.

For the year 2018-2019, a sum of Rs.3.10 crore has been allocated under this scheme.

20. Tamilnadu Adi Dravidar Art and Literature Society

In order to support avenues for creativity of expressions in the field of Art, Culture, Literature and research activities of Adi Dravidar scholars, a Corpus Fund of Rs.50 lakh has been created and kept in fixed deposit. Interest accrued is utilized for the purpose of giving cash awards to the selected writers. Every year, 10 writers belonging to Adi Dravidar and one writer belonging to other community, totally 11 writers are awarded every year for the best literary work and an amount of Rs.40,000 is given by the Government for publishing their work.

II. TRIBAL WELFARE

Introduction

The Directorate of Tribal Welfare was bifurcated from the erstwhile Directorate of Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare with effect from 01.04.2000 exclusively for the welfare of tribal people. It is functioning as a independent unit having full powers in terms of administration and finance towards the subjects pertaining to tribal welfare as ordered in G.O. (Ms.) No.56, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare (ADW1) Department, Dated: 28.08.2017. Various innovative schemes are implemented by this department for developing and bringing the tribals on par with the social, economic and educational status of the State. The Government of Tamil Nadu is paying special attention for the development of tribal people in 18 districts i.e. Salem, Thiruvannamalai, Villupuram, Vellore, Dharmapuri, Namakkal, Tiruvallur,

Kancheepuram, the Nilgiris, Coimbatore, Krishnagiri, Erode, Tiruchirappalli, Cuddalore, Madurai, Ariyalur, Tirunelveli and Chennai.

Poor living conditions, lack of basic amenities in hilly terrains, nutritional deficiencies, high drop-out rate in schools, low literacy rate and migration due to degradation of forest resources are the major problems faced by tribal people.

The prime objective of the Government is overall improvement and development of the tribes in the fields of education, health and sanitation and to improve the infrastructure facilities in tribal habitations like provision of drinking water, link roads to the villages and construction of houses. This will lead to socio economic upliftment of the Scheduled tribes and thus reduce the gap between the tribal and non-tribal population.

Scheduled Tribes of Tamilnadu:

As per the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Orders (Amendment) Act 1976, there are 36 Tribal community in Tamil Nadu. They are (1) Adiyar (2) Aranadan (3) Eravallan (4) Irular (5) Kadar (6) Kammara (7) Kanikaran or Kanikkar (8) Kaniyan or Kanyan (9) Kattunayakan (10) Kochu Velan (11) Konda Kapus (12) Kondareddis (13) Koraga (14) Kota, (15) Kudiya or Melakudi (16) Kurichchan (17) Kurumbas (18) Kurumans (19) Maha Malasar (20) Malai Arayan (21) Malai Pandaram (22) Malai Vedan (23) Malaikkuravan (24) Malasar (25) Malayali (26) Malayakandi (27) Mannan (28) Mudugar or Muduvan (29) Muthuvan (30) Pallayan (31) Palliyan (32) Palliyar (33) Paniyan (34) Sholaga (35) Toda** (36) Uraly.

(*Kanniyakumari and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District)

(** Except Kanniyakumari and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District)

Out of the 36 Tribal communities in Tamilnadu, 6 Tribal Communities i.e. Toda, Kota, Kurumbas, Irular, Paniyan and Kattunayakan are classified as Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PVTGs).

1. Education

(i) Schools

In order to improve the literacy of Tribal people through education, this Department has established and is running Residential schools near their habitations.

Details of schools functioning under Tribal Welfare Department and students strength

Sl. No.	Classification of Schools	No. of Schools	No. of Students
1	Government Tribal Residential School (GTR)	308	26,388
2	Eklavya Model Residential School (EMRS)	7	1,553
	Total	315	27,941

(ii) Hostel

This department has constructed and is running hostels with many facilities close to the schools and colleges for the benefit of the tribal students.

Details of Hostels functioning under Tribal Welfare Department and students strength

Sl. No.	Classification	No. of Schools / Hostels	No. of Students
1	Tribal Hostels	43	2,325
2	GTR Schools	315	27,941
	Total	358	30,266

2. Assistance to the Schools and Hostels run by Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs)

The Government is providing feeding charges as grant to the hostels run by 6 NGOs through which 887 tribal students are benefitted. Moreover, miscellaneous charges and other

allowances are also provided to the hostels run by the NGOs as provided to the inmates of the Government hostels.

GRANTS BY STATE GOVERNMENT TO THE NGO FOR THE WELFARE OF TRIBALS

(i) MURUGU TRUST

For the Educational advancement of Tribal students, the NGO named Murugu Trust is running a Middle School and Hostel in Kalrayan Hills in Villupuram District. A sum of Rs.2,55,930/- has been sanctioned as food & miscellaneous charges for 50 Tribal students staying in the above hostel for the year 2017-18.

(ii) Society for Rural Development (SFRD)

The Society for Rural Development is running a school and hostel at Jawadhu hills in Thiruvannamalai District for tribal students. In this school, 2560 students are studying from 1st to 12th Standard. Teaching grant is being

sanctioned since 2005. A sum of Rs. 2.31 Crore has been sanctioned as grant by the Government towards salary for 36 teaching and 7 non teaching posts. Moreover, food charges and miscellaneous charges for 550 Tribal students staying in the Trust's hostel is also provided by this Government. The details of other 4 NGOs are as follows:-

Sl. No.	Name of the NGOs	No. of Students.
1	Sri Sarguru Sarva Samarasa Sangam T.R. High School For Boys, Coonoor at the Nilgiris	32
2	Sri Sarguru Sarva Samarasa Sangam T.R. High School for Girls, Coonoor at the Nilgiris	50
3	Ramco Group Primary School, Rajapalayam at Virudhunagar	155
4	AIM for Seva, Anaikatty at Coimbatore District	50

3. Integrated Tribal Development Programme (ITDP)

Integrated Tribal Development Programme (ITDP) is implemented in 10 areas covering the following 7 Districts, where the Tribal population is 50% or more.

1. Salem	- Yercaud Pachamalai, Aranuthumalai & Kalrayan Hills
2. Namakkal	- Kolli Hills
3. Villupuram	- Kalrayan Hills
4. Tiruvannamalai	- Jawadhu Hills
5. Tiruchirappalli	- Pachamalai
6. Dharmapuri	- Sittheri Hills
7. Vellore	- Jawadhu & Yelagiri Hills

To implement the Tribal Welfare Schemes in the Integrated Tribal Development

Programme areas in the above districts, 7 Project Offices have been established and are functioning under the control of Project Officers, vide G.O. Ms. No.34, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department, Dated: 25.04.2017

4. Grants-in-aid

The Government of India is allocating funds under the following schemes:-

- (i) Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub Plan
- (ii) Article-275(1) of the Constitution of India and
- (iii) Scheme for Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups.

(i) Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub Plan (SCA to TSP)

Under this scheme 60% of the fund is utilized for income generating activities such as

Provision of Power Tillers, Construction of Houses, Provision of Beehive Boxes, Implementation of Forest Rights Act, Provision of Petty Shops and 30% of the above fund is utilized for creating infrastructure facilities in tribal areas such as repair and maintenance of school buildings, construction of toilet blocks and provision of borewell. The remaining 10% of the fund is utilized for creating employment opportunities to tribal people.

For the year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.651 lakh has been tentatively allocated under this scheme.

(ii) Article 275 (1) of Constitution of India

Provision of Foot Over Bridges, Link Roads, Electrification, Check Dams, Screening Test for Sickle Cell Anaemia etc., are the schemes implemented in Tribal areas from the Grant-in-aid released by the Government of

India under Article 275(1) of Constitution of India. This fund is also being utilized for the implementation of "The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006.

Funds have also been earmarked for the recurring expenditure for the existing six Eklavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS) functioning at Vellimalai in Villupuram, Abinavam in Salem, Athipattu in Thiruvannamalai District, Kodappamandhu in The Nilgiris District, Athanavur in Vellore District and Sengarai in Namakkal District. A new Eklavya Model Residential School has been started in Pattipulam village, Kancheepuram District.

For the year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.1700 lakh has been tentatively allocated under this scheme.

(iii) Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PVTGs)

The Government of India is sanctioning Grants-in-aid every year for the development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups.

Facilities like construction of traditional houses, distribution of milch animals, provision of drinking water facilities, street lights, construction of Primary Health Centres and for economic activities, providing Fishing Nets and Two Wheelers, Provision of Beehive boxes, Construction of Brick kiln, Provision of Bore-wells, construction of check dam for irrigation facility, Road facilities, Baseline survey of PVTGs, etc., are undertaken under this scheme. Steps have been taken for the construction of school buildings for the EMR School started in June 2018 at Pattipulam in Kancheepuram District.

Shuttle services of two Eicher Cab have been provided in the Nilgiris District for the conveyance of people and students from the hill to plain area and vice versa.

For the year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.4000 lakh has been tentatively allocated under this scheme.

(iv) Implementation of Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006

The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 was enacted by Government of India and came into existence on 29.12.2006. Tribals residing in the forests prior to 13.12.2005 and other traditional forest dwellers residing in the forests for 3 generations i.e. for 75 years as on 13.12.2005 are eligible for rights under this Act.

Implementation of this Act is being monitored by the following Committees:

- i) State Level Monitoring Committee headed by the Chief Secretary.
- ii) District Level Committee headed by the District Collector.
- iii) Sub-Divisional Level Committee – headed by the Revenue Divisional Officer.

To protect and legitimize the land ownership of the Scheduled Tribes in the forest areas, the Scheduled Tribes and Other Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 has been implemented in 17 Districts. Action is being taken by the District Collectors for the issuance of individual and community rights under the Forest Rights Act 2006. So far 5170 Individual Rights and 254 Community Rights have been distributed to the beneficiaries.

**Details of distribution of individual rights
and community rights.**

Sl. No	District	No. of Individual Rights	No. of Community Rights
1	Coimbatore	1071	0
2	Dharmapuri	268	49
3	Dindigul	63	0
4	Erode	740	0
5	Krishnagiri	0	39
6	Kanniyakumari	153	0
7	Namakkal	241	0
8	The Nilgiris	1215	58
9	Salem	478	5
10	Thirunelveli	0	0
11	Thiruvannamalai	55	0
12	Theni	73	14
13	Villupuram	477	89
14	Virudhunagar	19	0
15	Vellore	317	0
	Total	5170	254

5. Comprehensive Tribal Development Programme (CTDP)

The Government has allocated a sum of Rs.50 crore for the Comprehensive Tribal Development Programme for the year 2018-19. Through this programme, Land development activities, improvement of Katcha houses, road work, improvement of GTR schools, provision of drinking water facilities, economic development schemes and skill development programmes are being implemented through TAHDCO for Tribal Development.

Construction of building, maintenance, repair work, construction of toilets, bathrooms, kitchen, provision of borewell and motor, provision of drinking water, electrical maintenance works etc., in Government Tribal Residential Schools are undertaken under Comprehensive Tribal Development Programme.

Under this scheme assistance is provided for setting up of virtual interactive classrooms in

GTR Schools, construction of houses, skill development activities for the livelihood of Scheduled Tribes, Upgradation of GTR Schools, improvement of Tribals in Education and Sports, construction of hostels, Economic Development schemes such as, supply of power tillers, funds for self help groups for starting organic Bamboo industry, Assistance to bonded Tribal Labourers to set up business in producing biomass charcoal units, handicraft items, assistance to develop nursery with herbal plants etc., for their livelihood.

A Solar cold room is provided at Karumandhurai in Kalvarayan Hills at a cost of Rs.12.10 lakh, to store agricultural products over a period of time and to sell it when price increases.

A sum of Rs.1.29 crore has been allotted for the installation of Smart Classrooms in 25 GTR Schools and measures have been taken to start Smart Classes in other GTR Schools also.

An amount of Rs.5.18 crore has been allocated for the implementation of infrastructure works such as construction of Toilet, Bathrooms, Borewells with motors, Drinking water, Electricity in 128 Government Tribal Residential Schools located at Villupuram, Dharmapuri, Namakkal, Salem, Vellore, Tiruchirappalli, Thiruvannamalai, Coimbatore, The Nilgiris, Tirunelveli, Erode, Tiruppur Districts and works are under progress.

In order to motivate Traditional Agriculture in 7 Integrated Tribal Development Programme Areas, an amount Rs.70 lakh (i.e., 10 lakh each for 7 districts) has been allocated and the works are being implemented and monitored by the Project Officers.

6. Tribal Research Centre (TRC) and Tribal Museum

An exclusive Tribal Research Centre was established in the year 1983 with the assistance of Government of India at Muthorai Palada,

Udhagamandalam in the Nilgiris District, for collecting data about the Tribes and conducting research about their life-style, culture, language, socio-economic and educational status. A Director, who is specialized in Anthropology is heading the Tribal Research Centre. A library and a Tribal Museum have been setup in which the tribal artifacts and photographs on the life-style of the tribes are exhibited.

For the year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.112.69 lakh has been allocated under this scheme.

7. Vocational Guidance Centre

A Special Vocational Guidance Centre is functioning at Udhagamandalam in the Nilgiris District for guiding the tribal youth to choose their career and profession.

8. Industrial Training Institutes

Six Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) exclusively for the Scheduled Tribes are

functioning at Karumanthurai in Salem District, Kolli Hills in Namakkal District, Jamunamarathur in Tiruvannamalai District, Anaikatti in Coimbatore District, Gudalur in the Nilgiris District and Sankarapuram in Villupuram District.

9. Verification of Genuineness/ Correctness of Scheduled Tribe Community Certificates

Verification of the Genuineness / Correctness of Scheduled Tribes community certificates is an important task of this department.

- i. The Revenue Divisional officer / Sub-collector is the competent authority to issue Scheduled Tribe Community Certificates
- ii. Upon rejection by them, appeal may be preferred to the concerned District Collector and then further grievances may be redressed with State Level Scrutiny Committee.

iii. The State Level Scrutiny Committee has been formed to verify the Genuineness / Correctness of the Scheduled Tribe community certificates issued. The constitution of the committee is detailed below:-

State Level Scrutiny Committee (SLSC)

1	Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department	Chairman	To scrutinize the genuineness / correctness of the Scheduled Tribe Community Certificates and pass final orders. If aggrieved by the orders, appeal will lie with Hon'ble High Court of Madras under Article 226 of the Constitution of India and then with Hon'ble Supreme Court under Article 136 of the Constitution of India.
2	Director, Tribal Welfare	Member - Secretary	
3	An Anthropologist	Member	

Vigilance Cells are functioning in four regions i.e., Chennai, Tiruchirappalli, Salem and Madurai to inquire, inspect and verify the community status of the persons belonging to Scheduled Tribes and to submit its report to the State Level Scrutiny Committee.

Each Vigilance Cell consists of the following Police Official:-

Sl. No.	Name of the Post	Number of Posts
1.	Senior Deputy Superintendent of Polices	1
2.	Inspector of Police or Sub Inspector of Police	1
3.	Head Constable	1

Since large number of cases are pending for verification, Government have issued orders vide G.O. No. 50, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department, dated: 28.07.2017 to carry out the verification of genuineness /

correctness of Scheduled Tribes Community Certificates with the officers working in the 38 units of (31 Units in the Districts and 7 units in the Corporations) Social Justice and Human Rights wing working under the control of Additional Director General of Police, Social Justice and Human Rights in addition to their normal work. Along with the existing four Vigilance Cells, 10 anthropologists are assisting the Vigilance Cells in the process of verification at district level vide G.O. (Ms) No. 263, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department, dated: 26.10.2017. The State Level Scrutiny Committee will refer the cases received from the employers and educational institutions to the concerned Vigilance Cells for enquiry and report on the community status of the persons. Since cases are pending in thousands before the State Level Scrutiny Committee the Government is taking steps to establish two more State Level Scrutiny Committees.

10. Tribal Sub-plan (TSP)

The Tribal Sub-Plan is implemented in Tamil Nadu from the year 1976-77, which paved the way for flow of funds from the State Annual Plan Outlay to TSP for the socio-economic & educational development of the Scheduled Tribes in proportion to their population (1.10%) in the State.

This Department has been designated as the Nodal Department and the Additional Chief Secretary to Government of this Department is the Nodal Officer for the formulation and implementation of TSP at State Level. The Director, Tribal Welfare is entrusted with monitoring and reviewing of the schemes at District level.

The schemes under Tribal Sub Plan are implemented through 17 Sectoral Departments comprising 38 Heads of Departments for the

Welfare and Development of the Tribes. For effective implementation of the schemes, the Nodal Officers of sectoral departments are closely co-ordinating with the Tribal Welfare Department.

For the year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.794.25 crore (1.43%) has been allocated under TSP (Expenditure on Tribal Welfare) out of the State's Total Annual Plan Outlay (Welfare Expenditure of the State) of Rs.55498.16 crore, which is over and above the percentage of Scheduled Tribes population in Tamil Nadu.

III. TAMILNADU ADI DRAVIDAR HOUSING & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED (TAHDCO)

INTRODUCTION

Tamil Nadu Adi Dravidar Housing and Development Corporation (TAHDCO) was started in 1974 under the Companies Act, 1956 for construction of fire proof houses for Adi Dravidar. Various socio, economic development schemes for Adi Dravidar and Scheduled Tribes have been implemented by this organization since 1980-81.

1. SHARE CAPITAL

The Corporation was commissioned with a share capital of Rs.1 Crore in 1974. At present the authorized Share Capital and paid up Share Capital of the Corporation are Rs.150 Crore and Rs.141.53 Crore respectively. Since 1980, the paid up Share Capital of the Corporation is being contributed by the Government of Tamil Nadu

and Government of India in the ratio of 51:49. The company was given a new lease of life by the Government of Tamil Nadu by releasing a sum of Rs.46.41 crore as share of the State Government during the period between 2003-04 and 2016-17.

2. OBJECTIVES

- i. Construction activities.
- ii. Economic Development activities
- iii. Training, Skill Development & providing top class education.

Eventhough the Government have taken serious measures to improve the economic status of Adi Dravidar and Scheduled Tribes who are in impoverished condition and at the last rung of the social ladder, there is a huge gap between socio-economic development and the livelihood status of the Adi Dravidar people. To bridge this gap, various socio-economic

development schemes are implemented. As a part of this, the **quantum of subsidy** under various economic development schemes has been increased **for the first time from Rs.25,000 to Rs.2.25 Lakh from the year 2011-12** which has made a visible change in their Socio-economic status.

3. Schemes implemented for Adi Dravidars through TAHDCO:

- 1) Land Purchase Scheme
- 2) Land Development Scheme
- 3) Entrepreneur Development Programme (EDP)
- 4) Special Scheme under EDP – Assistance for Petrol / Diesel / Gas retail outlets
- 5) Self Employment Programme for Youth (SEPY)

- 6) Special Self Employment Programme for Youth – Financial assistance for Medical and Paramedical Establishments.
- 7) Revolving Fund for Self Help Groups.
- 8) Economic Assistance to Self Help Groups.
- 9) Financial Assistance to Civil Services aspirants (UPSC)
- 10) Financial Assistance to State Civil Service aspirants (TNPSC Group-I - Main exam)
- 11) Financial Assistance to Law Graduates to set up their profession
- 12) Financial Assistance to Chartered Accountant / Cost Accountant to set up their profession.

- 13) TAHDCO Chairman / Managing Director's Discretionary Fund
- 14) Collectors' Discretionary Fund.
- 15) Fast Track Power Supply
- 16) Financial Assistance to Adi Dravidar women members of Women Industrial Tailoring Co-operative Societies.

Schemes under Loan with Subsidy

(i) Land Purchase Scheme

Since the ownership of land provides dignity in society, the State Government introduced the scheme in the year 2004-05 to purchase land in the name of Adi Dravidar Women to empower them.

This scheme has been extended to Adi Dravidar Men and Transgenders.

Salient Features:

- Title Deeds are registered in the name of the Adi Dravidar beneficiary.
- Exemption of 100% stamp duty and registration fees to the land value upto Rs.1 lakh
- Seller should be a non Adi Dravidar

(ii) Land Development Scheme

The aim of the scheme is to enhance the utilization of land as well as to generate income by providing subsidy with loan assistance from bank for irrigation facilities like sinking of bore wells / open wells, pumpsets, drip irrigation and irrigation on rotation

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.300 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 200 persons.

(iii) Entrepreneur Development Programme (EDP):

In order to reduce the impoverished conditions of Adi Dravidar people financial assistance is provided to start various business activities within the age group between 18 and 65 irrespective of their educational qualification. Under this scheme, both individuals and groups are benefitted.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.6650 lakh has been allocated as subsidy to benefit 5050 persons.

(iv) SPECIAL SCHEME UNDER EDP - Assistance for Petrol / Diesel / Gas retail outlets

A Special scheme of assistance for establishing Petrol/Diesel/Gas retail outlets has been introduced in the financial year 2012-13. The Adi Dravidar people while applying for agencies in the A & B categories of Petrol/

Diesel/Gas outlets, can access loan assistance provided for purchase of land and deposit required for bank guarantee. On sanctioning of dealership the selected persons are provided with financial assistance for working capital. Under this scheme, benefits are either before selection or on selection by the Petrol / Diesel / Gas outlets.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.22 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 10 persons.

(v) Self Employment Programme For Youth (SEPY)

Financial assistance is provided to the educated un-employed youth in the age group between 18 and 45, who desire to establish their own profession or business enterprises.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.3740 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 3253 persons.

vi) Special Self Employment Programme for Youth – (Spl.SEPLY)

Under this scheme, financial assistance is provided to those who establish their own Clinic / Lab / Medical stores in the fields of Allopathy (MBBS) viz., Dental (BDS), Siddha (BSMS), Ayurvedha (BAMS), Naturopathy and Yoga (BNYS). From the year 2013 – 14, this scheme was extended to the persons qualified in paramedical disciplines such as, physiotherapy, pharmacy, ophthalmology and lab technology to setup clinics / medical stores, Labs. The Applicants should already been registered with Councils concerned.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.75 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 50 persons.

(vii) Revolving Fund Assistance to Self Help Groups (SHGs):

Revolving Fund assistance is provided exclusively for Adi Dravidar self help groups for eradicating poverty through promotion of Micro, Small Enterprises. A subsidy of Rs.25,000/- is given as one time grant to the accredited Self Help Groups from the year 2012-13. The bank will give Rs.50,000/- as loan which will augment the corpus fund of SHGs.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.75 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 300 SHGs with 4500 beneficiaries / members.

(viii) Economic Assistance to Self Help Groups (SHGs):

Inorder to promote the economic empowerment of Adi Dravidar Self Help Groups members, Financial Assistance with low cost interest is provided to invest in the income

generating programme. Under this scheme, adequate and timely credit at a reasonable interest rate is provided to SHGs for income generating activities. Adi Dravidar Self Help Groups which have been accredited twice can avail the loan for the income generating economic activities. A maximum of 50% of the project cost or Rs.2.50 lakh whichever is less is sanctioned as subsidy to the Self Help Groups to establish known profession or business enterprises.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.800 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 350 SHGs with 5750 beneficiaries / members.

To avail benefits under all these schemes the beneficiaries should belong to Scheduled Caste and the subsidy is front ended.

SCHEMES UNDER FULL GRANT:

TAHDCO, not only assists for Income Generating Programmes by providing loan and subsidy but also supports the youth in pursuit of civil services, setting up of their profession and any other deserving person not covered under any other schemes through 100% grant.

(i) Financial Assistance to Civil Services Aspirants (UPSC)

To encourage the Adi Dravidar youth aspirants for Civil Services, financial assistance of Rs.50,000 is given to those who have passed Civil Services (Preliminary) Examination to enable them to prepare for Civil Services (Main) Examination from 2012-13 onwards.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.50 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 100 persons.

(ii) Financial Assistance to State Civil Services aspirants (TNPSC Group-I)

TNPSC Group-I is the top most civil services of the State. This scheme was introduced during 2013-14 to encourage the aspirants for Group I Services. Under the scheme, financial assistance at the rate of Rs.50,000/- is being provided for those who appear for Main Exams.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.25 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 50 persons.

(iii) Financial Assistance to Law Graduates to setup their profession.

Financial Assistance of Rs.50,000/- is provided as one time assistance for setting up their own profession to successful law graduates from Tamil Nadu Law University, Deemed Universities and the Law Colleges recognized by the Law University on regular curriculum in the

age group between 21 and 45 years, registered in the State or All India Bar Council.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.250 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 500 persons.

(iv) Financial Assistance to Chartered Accountant / Cost Accountant To set up their profession

Financial Assistance at the rate of Rs.50,000/- is provided as grant to encourage the young Chartered Accountant / Cost Accountant to set up their own profession. The scheme is being implemented from 2013-14 onwards.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.5 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 10 persons.

(v) *TAHDCO Chairman / Managing Director's Discretionary Fund*

Financial assistance of Rs.30,000/- is being provided under the TAHDCO CHAIRMAN DISCRETIONARY FUND which was introduced from the year 2016-17.

A Financial assistance of Rs.40,000/- is being provided under the Managing Director's Discretionary Fund, introduced during 2012-13. A sum of Rs.100 lakh is allocated for emergency relief.

Priority has been given to Widows, Differently abled persons, orphan children, indigent artists, persons afflicted with incurable diseases. Further, financial relief has been provided for skill development courses, gap filling assistance to those who pursue primary education in professional courses and persons affected in communal clashes / fire accidents

and any other activities which deserve a helping hand subject to rules in force.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.140 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 400 persons.

(vi) Collector's Discretionary Fund

Under the scheme an assistance upto Rs.20,000/- is granted. Preference is given to differently abled, destitute widows, indigent artists, unmarried women above 30 years of age and children with no parent / guardian and any other person who is considered as deserving by the District Collector.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.56 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 280 persons.

(vii) Fast Track Power Supply

Financial assistance of Rs.10,000 per beneficiary is provided as EB Deposit to TANGEDCO under Fast Track Power Supply scheme to Adi Dravidar farmers which was introduced through TAHDCO from 2007-08.

The above amount has been increased to Rs.75,000/- per beneficiary from 2016-17.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.750 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 1000 persons.

(viii) Assistance to SC women members of Women Industrial Tailoring Co-operative Societies.

In accordance with the Hon'ble Chief Minister's announcement, Adi Dravidar women members of the Industrial Tailoring Co-operative Societies under the control of Directorate of Social Welfare, are given assistance for the

purchase of modernized sewing machine. Each beneficiary is given 30% of the cost of the sewing machine as subsidy from Special Central Assistance (SCA) and the remaining 70% is given as soft loan at 4% interest from TAHDCO's share capital.

For the financial year 2018-19, a sum of Rs.207 lakh has been allocated as subsidy for the benefit of 5194 persons.

4. SKILL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING

To create eligible employment opportunities and to strengthen their skill needs specific to trades among the youth belong to Adi Dravidars, several skill development training programmes are organized through Empanelled Institutes of Tamil Nadu Skill Development Corporation. These training programmes equip the youth for wage employment / self

employment and are conducted from 10% allocation under SCA Fund.

The important Training Programmes given by TAHDCO.

- *Multimedia & Animation*
- *Architectural & Civil 2D Drafting with Auto CAD*
- *Fashion Technology*
- *Apparel Pattern Making*
- *Beautician*
- *Hair Stylist*
- *Repair & Maintenance of A/C*
- *Electrician*
- *Cutting & Tailoring*
- *Computer Hardware & Networking*
- *Retail Management*

- *Engineer Training*
- *Infrastructure Engineer*
- *Telecom management*
- *Solar Electric installer & Service Provider*
- *Tour Agent & Travel operator*
- *Accountant*
- *Ticket Reservation*
- *Hand Embroider*
- *Plastic Processing*
- *Injection Moulding*
- *Blow Moulding*
- *Machine Operator*

From the year 2013-14 to 2017-18, **25681** candidates were trained through 100 institutes at a cost of Rs.40.37 Core.

5. Financial Assistance for Scheduled Tribes

TAHDCO has been implementing economic development schemes for tribal communities from 2012-13.

The following schemes are implemented for Tribal people

- 1) Land Purchase Scheme
- 2) Land Development scheme
- 3) Entrepreneur Development Scheme
- 4) Self Employment Programme for Tribal Youth (Light passenger vehicle / Jeep / Heavy Vehicle / Other trade).
- 5) Revolving Fund Assistance to women Self Help Groups.

- 6) Economic Assistance to women Self Help Groups.
- 7) Assistance to ST women members of Women Industrial Tailoring Co-operative Societies.
- 8) Financial Assistance to Civil Service (UPSC) / State Civil Service Aspirants (TNPSC GROUP-1)
- 9) Fast track power supply

(i) Land Purchase Scheme

Since, land holding is an index of empowerment of women in a society, the tribal women are encouraged to purchase land. Under this scheme a maximum project cost of Rs.7.50 lakh with 50% subsidy is allowed. It is insisted that the land should be purchased from non-Scheduled Tribes.

(ii) Land Development Scheme

Under this scheme financial assistance is given for the development of lands by creating water sources, irrigation facilities and electrification for irrigation. A Maximum quantum of Rs.7.50 lakh including the subsidy is provided.

(iii) Entrepreneur Development Programme

For the Socio-economic development of Scheduled Tribes, loan assistance is provided for income generating activities. The minimum cost of the project is Rs.1.50 lakh. Under the scheme, 50% of the project cost subject to a maximum limit of Rs.3.75 lakh per individual is released as subsidy.

(iv) Self Employment Programme for Tribal youth

Tribal youth who possess driving licence are provided with financial assistance for purchase of Passenger Vehicle / Jeep. Under this

scheme, the quantum of subsidy is 50% of the unit cost or a maximum of Rs.4 lakh. Rs.5.50 lakh is released as subsidy in case of Heavy Vehicles.

(v) *Revolving Fund Assistance to Self Help Groups (SHGS)*

A quantum of Rs.25,000/- is given as one time revolving fund grant. The assistance is used to augment the corpus fund of Self Help Groups.

(vi) *Economic loan Assistance to Women Self Help Groups*

Under the scheme, the Self Help Groups exclusively of tribal women can avail assistance for various income generating activities like handicrafts, horticulture, floriculture, establishment of canteen in tourist spots and other tourism and hospitality related professions. Under this scheme, a subsidy of

50% of the project cost or a maximum of Rs.3.75 lakh is released as subsidy.

(vii) Assistance to ST women members of Women Industrial Tailoring Co-operative Societies.

ST women members of the Industrial Tailoring Co-operative Societies functioning under the control of Directorate of Social Welfare are given financial assistance for the purchase of modern sewing machine. Each beneficiary is given 30% of the cost of the sewing machine as subsidy from Tribal Sub Plan (TSP) and the remaining 70% is given as soft loan at 4% interest from TAHDCO's share capital.

(viii) Financial Assistance to State Civil Services Aspirants (TNPSC GROUP-I)

TNPSC Group-I examination is the top most civil service examination of the State. Recognising the need for assistance of the

candidates in pursuit of Civil Services appearing for Group-I main examinations and for the main examination of Civil Services (UPSC), a financial assistance of Rs.50,000/- was introduced for the Scheduled Tribes from the year 2015-16.

(ix) Fast Track Power Supply

Fast Track Power Supply scheme for Scheduled Tribe farmers for EB Deposit of Rs.75,000/- per beneficiary to TANGEDCO through TAHDCO was introduced by the Government in the year 2017-18.

6. CONSTRUCTION WING

The construction wing of TAHDCO is undertaking works such as Construction of hostel and school buildings for Adi Dravidar and Tribal students and Community halls for the welfare of Adi Dravidar and Tribals. Further, TAHDCO has also been entrusted with the work of providing additional amenities and

improvement of basic infrastructure facilities to Adi dravidar and Tribal habitations and Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Schools.

(i) CENTRAL GOVERNMENT WORKS:

The Adi dravidar and Tribal Welfare boys and girls hostel buildings, Eklavya Model Residential School buildings, Classrooms and Laboratory buildings under Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana (VKY) Scheme are being constructed under the Government of India fund.

(ii) STATE GOVERNMENT WORKS

The Construction of ITI Buildings for Adi Dravidar and Tribal students, ITI Hostels, Class rooms, Science Labs, Hostels, Working Women Hostels, Compound Wall, Community Hall, Toilet Block, laying of black top roads, maintenance and repairs of Tribal Hostels are being undertaken under State Government Scheme.

(iii) NABARD SCHEME WORKS

Sanction has been accorded by the Government under RIDF XXI, XXII and XXIII Schemes for the construction of additional classrooms, Laboratories, providing Infrastructure facilities such as compound wall, water supply, Toilet Blocks to Adi dravidar and Tribal Welfare Schools and construction of new hostel buildings for the benefit of Adi Dravidar and Tribal Students. At present, TAHDCO construction wing has taken up 833 works to a total value of Rs.314.02 Crore from different schemes.

IV. Financial allocation to Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department during 2018-2019

(Rs. in crore)

Sl. No.	Department	Revenue	Capital	Total
1	Secretariat	8.79	0	8.79
2	Adi Dravidar Welfare	3094.31	112.73	3207.04
3	Tribal Welfare	305.80	28.02	333.82
	Total	3408.90	140.75	3549.65

V.M. RAJALAKSHMI

Minister for Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department